Supplemental table 4. Associations between intake of added sugar, treats, toppings and sugar sweetened beverages and risk of incident atrial fibrillation for various covariate adjustment models.

Atrial fibrillation		Basic model with	Basic model with lifestyle	Main model with potential
		lifestyle factors ¹	factors and BMI ²	mediators ³
Intake	n/Cases/person-years	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)
Added sugar, E%				
<5	2,354/365/44,955	1	1	1
5-7.5	5,027/795/97,087	0.89 (0.79-1.01)	0.91 (0.80-1.03)	0.93 (0.82-1.06)
7.5-10	6,709/1,140/129,803	0.87 (0.79-1.00)	0.91 (0.81-1.03)	0.92 (0.82-1.04)
10-15	8,735/1,434/167,028	0.83 (0.74-0.94)	0.86 (0.77-0.97)	0.88 (0.78-0.99)
15-20	2,377/403/44,768	0.88 (0.76-1.01)	0.92 (0.80-1.07)	0.93 (0.80-1.09)
>20	675/104/12,168	0.91 (0.73-1.14)	0.94 (0.75-1.17)	0.91 (0.72-1.15)
P-trend		0.20	0.59	0.53
Treats, servings/week				
≤2	2,931/459/54,387	1	1	1
>2-5	7,161/1,152/137,977	0.97 (0.86-1.08)	0.97 (0.87-1.08)	0.97 (0.86-1.08)
>5-8	6,775/1,083/131,129	0.89 (0.80-1.00)	0.91 (0.81-1.01)	0.89 (0.79-1.00)
>8-14	6,687/1,149/128,388	0.88 (0.79-0.99)	0.89 (0.80-1.00)	0.88 (0.78-0.99)
>14	2,323/398/43,930	0.89 (0.77-1.03)	0.89 (0.77-1.03)	0.87 (0.75-1.02)
P-trend		0.09	0.09	0.05
Toppings, servings/wee	ek			
≤2	3,419/489/66,757	1	1	1
>2-7	7,008/1,052/136,751	0.97 (0.87-1.08)	0.98 (0.88-1.09)	0.97 (0.87-1.09)
>7-14	6,909/1,151/132,485	0.97 (0.87-1.08)	1.00 (0.90-1.12)	1.00 (0.90-1.12)
>14-28	5,908/1.070/111,456	0.95 (0.85-1.06)	1.01 (0.90-1.13)	1.00 (0.89-1.13)
>28	2,633/479/48,361	0.97 (0.85-1.12)	1.05 (0.91-1.20)	1.05 (0.91-1.22)
P-trend		0.71	0.44	0.36
SSBs, servings/week				
≤1	15,188/2,543/290,321	1	1	1
>1-3	5,329/824/104,252	0.96 (0.89-1.04)	0.95 (0.88-1.03)	0.95 (0.88-1.03)
>3-5	2,246/363/43,154	0.99 (0.88-1.04)	0.97 (0.87-1.08)	0.98 (0.87-1.10)

>5-8	1,561/241/29,855	0.94 (0.82-1.08)	0.93 (0.81-1.06)	0.92 (0.80-1.05)
>8	1,553/270/28,228	1.08 (0.95-1.23)	1.05 (0.92-1.20)	1.04 (0.91-1.19)
P-trend		0.44	0.79	0.85

BMI: Body Mass Index. E%: Energy percentage. MET: Metabolic equivalent of task. HR: Hazard ratio. CI: Confidence interval. SSBs: Sugar-sweetened beverages.

The associations were determined using multivariable Cox proportional hazards regression model and are expressed as HR with a 95% confidence interval and P-value for the linear trend.

¹ Adjusted for age, sex, season of dietary assessment, diet method, energy intake, smoking status, educational level, leisure-time physical activity and alcohol consumption.

² Adjusted for age, sex, season of dietary assessment, diet method, energy intake, smoking status, educational level, leisure-time physical activity, alcohol consumption and body mass index.

³ Adjusted for age, sex, season of dietary assessment, diet method, energy intake, smoking status, educational level, leisure-time physical activity, alcohol consumption, body mass index and dietary habits including intake of processed meat, coffee, saturated fatty acids and fiber density, ApoB/ApoA-1, hypertension and lipid-lowering medication.