





Supplementary Figure 5: Neither *Sle1b* nor ER α impacts B cell activation in males (A) Dot plots show the percentage of splenocytes in male B6. $ER\alpha^{+/+}$ (N=32), B6. $ER\alpha^{-/-}$ (N=10), B6. $Sle1b.ER\alpha^{+/+}$ (N=32), and B6. $Sle1b.ER\alpha^{-/-}$ (N=11)mice that were B220+CD86+ activated B cells. (B) Representative contour plots from show the frequency of B220+CD86+ B cells in male B6. $ER\alpha^{+/+}$, B6. $ER\alpha^{-/-}$, B6. $ER\alpha^{-/-}$, B6. $ER\alpha^{-/-}$, and B6. $ER\alpha^{-/-}$ mice. (C) Dot plots show CD22

surface expression measured as mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) in B220⁺CD22⁺ B cells in male B6. $ER\alpha^{+/+}$ (N=27), B6. $ER\alpha^{-/-}$ (N=5) B6. $Sle1b.ER\alpha^{+/+}$ (N=25), and B6. $Sle1b.ER\alpha^{-/-}$ (N=8) mice is shown. Splenocytes were collected from mice that were 5-6 months of age. The longer horizontal bar in each panel denotes the mean for each group, and the shorter black bars indicate the standard error of the mean. The * indicates p≤0.05, and the ** indicates p≤0.01.