

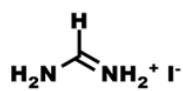
Supplementary Material

Supplementary Text

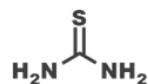
In Table 1 of the mini-review, ETM is electron transport material, PVK perovskite, and HTM hole transport material. FTT (FTO/c-TiO₂/mp-TiO₂) represents the most used anode-ETM combination, namely mesoporous TiO₂ on compact-TiO₂-coated fluorine doped tin oxide. ITO is indium tin oxide. Structures of chemicals in the following can be found in the **Supplementary Figures 1-3**. BCP is bathocuproine. ³C₆₀ represents a self-assembling C₆₀ molecule. PCBM is phenyl-C61-butyric acid methyl ester. MA is methylammonium cation, and FA is formamidinium cation. AVA, SN, HTAB, FEAI, and ThMA represent aminovaleric acid, 3-(5-mercaptop-1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)benzenaminium iodide, n-hexyl trimethyl ammonium bromide, pentafluorophenylethylammonium iodide, 2-thiophenemethylammonium iodide. HTAB-PVK is HTAB_{0.3}(FAPbI₃)_{0.95}(MAPbBr₃)_{0.05}, a wide-bandgap halide (WBH), while ^{2D}ThMA is (ThMA)₂PbI₄, a 2D perovskite. C/G is carbon black/graphite composite slurry. rGO is reduced graphene oxide, and Cl-GO is chlorinated graphene oxide. PTAA is poly(triaryl amine), P3HT is poly(3-hexylthiophene-2,5-diyl), and PDCBT is poly[5,5'-bis(2-butyloctyl)-(2,2'-bithiophene)-4,4'-dicarboxylate-alt-5,5'-2,2'-bithiophene]. DM is *N*²,*N*^{2'},*N*⁷,*N*^{7'}-Tetrakis(9,9-dimethyl-9*H*-fluoren-2-yl)-*N*²,*N*^{2'},*N*⁷,*N*^{7'}tetrakis(4-methoxyphenyl)-9,9'-spirobi[fluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetraamine. Spiro represents *N*²,*N*²,*N*^{2'},*N*^{2'},*N*⁷,*N*⁷,*N*^{7'},*N*^{7'}-Octakis(4-methoxyphenyl)-9,9'-spirobi[9*H*-fluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetramine (spiro-OMeTAD or s-OMeTAD), while S/A represents the most used HTL-cathode combination, namely spiro-OMeTAD-gold (spiro-OMeTAD/Au).

Supplementary Table 1

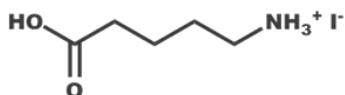
Name	Anode/ETL / PVK / HTL/Cathode	J_{SC} (mA cm ⁻²)	V_{OC} (V)	FF (%)	PCE (%)	Reference
D0	FTT/ZrO ₂ / (AVA) ₂ PbI ₄ /MAPbI ₃ / C/G	23.6	0.86	58.7	11.9	Grancini et al., 2017
D1	FTT / (Cs,FA,MA)Pb(I,Br) ₃ / CuSCN/rGO/Au	23.2	1.11	78.2	20.4	Arora et al., 2017
D2	FTT / (FAD) _{0.9} Cs _{0.1} (PbI ₂) _{1.05} /SN / S/A	24.0	1.15	75.0	20.9	Bi et al., 2018
D3	ITO/SnO ₂ / FA _x MA _{1-x} Pb _{1+y} I _y /Pb / Cl-GO/PTAA/Au	23.8	1.12	79.0	21.1	Wang et al., 2019b
D4	FTT/LiTFSI / (FAPbI ₃) _{0.95} (MAPbBr ₃ Cl ₀) _{0.05} /HTAB-PVK / P3HT/Au	24.9	1.15	81.4	23.3	Jung et al., 2019
D5	ITO/ ⁶ C ₆₀ /SnO _x /PCBM / FA _{0.83} MA _{0.17} Pb _{1.1} Br _{0.50} I _{2.80} / PDCBT/Ta-WO _x /Au	22.7	1.17	80.0	21.2	Hou et al., 2017
D6	FTT / (Cs,FA,MA)PbI ₃ /(FEAI) ₂ PbI ₄ / S/A/MgF ₂	25.8	1.10	78.4	22.2	Liu et al., 2019
D7	ITO/SnO ₂ / Rb _{0.09} Cs _{0.05} [(FA _{0.85} MA _{0.15})Pb(I _{0.85} Br _{0.15}) ₃] / S/A	24.0	1.16	75.9	20.9	Ma et al., 2020
D8	FTT/SnO ₂ / (Cs _{0.17} FA _{0.83})Pb(I _{0.82} Br _{0.15} Cl _{0.03}) ₃ / S/A	23.3	1.12	78.3	20.5	Gao et al., 2020a
D9	FTT / (Cs,FA,MA)Pb(I,Br) ₃ / S/A	23.8	1.16	78.8	22.0	Seo et al., 2018
D10	ITO/SnO ₂ / (FA,MA)Pb(I,Cl) ₃ , ^{2D} ThMA / Spiro/MoO ₃ /Au	22.8	1.16	81.0	21.5	Zhou et al., 2019
D11	ITO/SnO ₂ / (Cs,FA,MA)Pb(I,Br,Cl) ₃ / PTAA,Spiro/S/A	23.5	1.15	80.7	21.9	Wang et al., 2019a
D12	FTT / (FAPbI ₃) _{0.95} (MAPbBr ₃) _{0.05} / DM/Au	24.9	1.14	81.0	23.2	Jeon et al., 2018
D13	Cu/BCP/C ₆₀ / Cs _{0.05} FA _{0.81} MA _{0.14} PbI _{2.55} Br _{0.45} / PTAA/ITO	22.6	1.16	80.4	21.1	Yang et al., 2019
D14	Cu/BCP/C ₆₀ / Cs _{0.05} (FA _{0.92} MA _{0.08}) _{0.95} Pb(I _{0.92} Br _{0.08}) ₃ / PTAA/ITO	24.1	1.17	81.6	23.0	Zheng et al., 2020



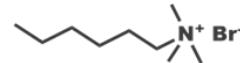
Formamidinium iodide (FAI)



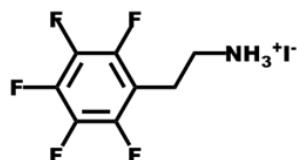
Thiourea



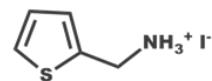
aminovaleric acid iodide (AVAI)



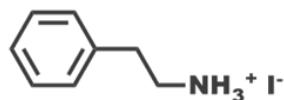
n-Hexyl trimethyl ammonium bromide (HTAB)



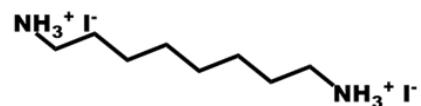
Pentafluorophenylethylammonium iodide (FEAI)



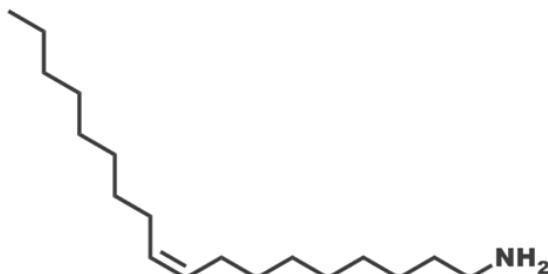
2-Thiophenemethylammonium iodide (ThMAI)



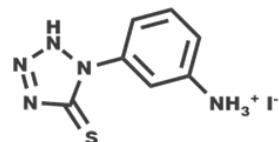
Phenethylammonium iodide (PEAI)



1,8-octanediammonium iodide (ODAI)

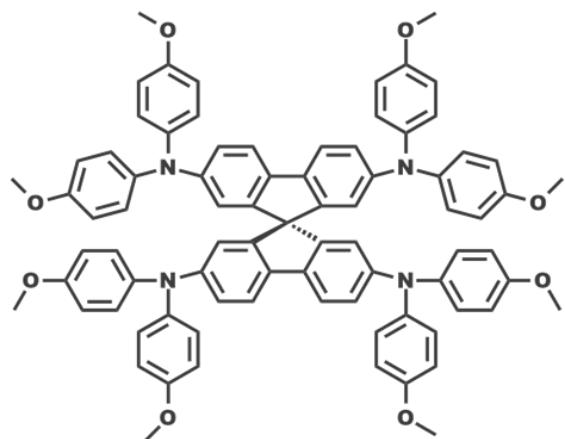


oleylamine (OAM)

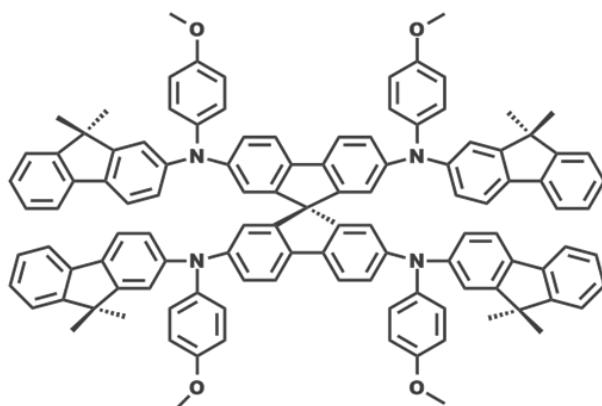


3-(5-mercaptop-1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)benzenaminium iodide (SN)

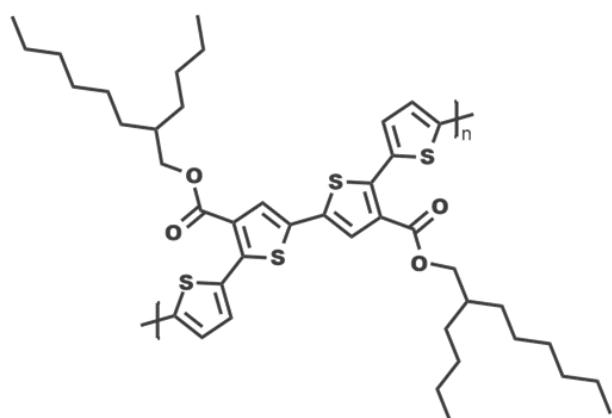
Supplementary Figure 1. Perovskite dopants or additives discussed in the mini-review.



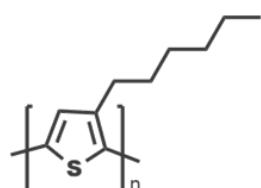
*N*²,*N*²,*N*^{2'},*N*^{2'},*N*⁷,*N*⁷,*N*^{7'},*N*^{7'}-Octakis(4-methoxyphenyl)-9,9'-spirobi[9*H*-fluorene]-2,2',7,7'-tetramine
(spiro-OMeTAD)



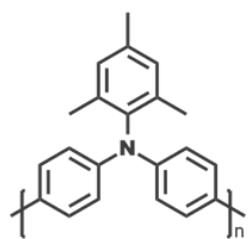
*N*²,*N*²',*N*⁷,*N*^{7'}-Tetrakis(9,9-dimethyl-9*H*-fluoren-2-yl)-*N*²,*N*²',*N*⁷,*N*^{7'}tetrakis(4-methoxyphenyl)-9,9'- spirobi[fluorene]-2,2',7,7'- tetraamine (DM)



Poly[5,5'-bis(2-butyloctyl)-(2,2'-bithiophene)-4,4'-dicarboxylate-alt-5,5'-2,2'-bithiophene] (PDCBT)

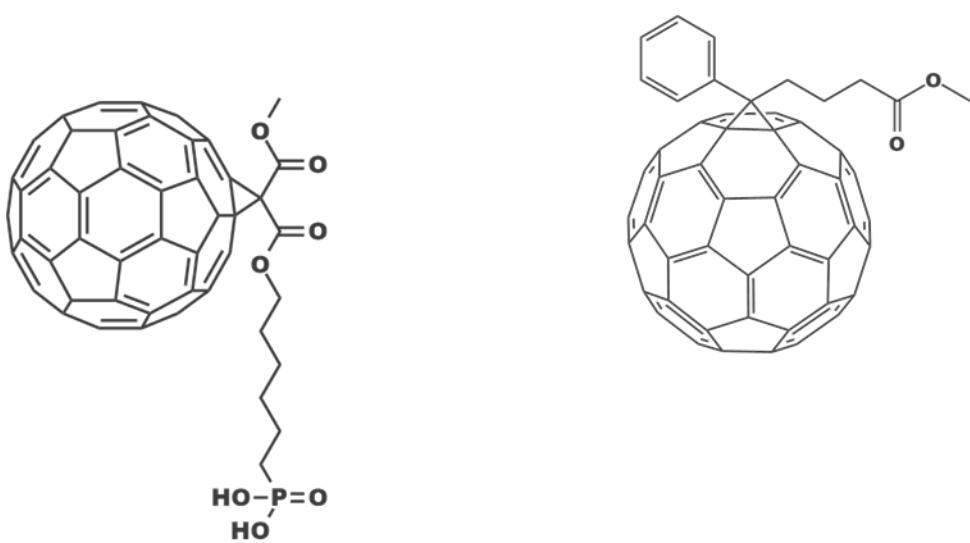


Poly(3-hexylthiophene-2,5-diyl) (P3HT)



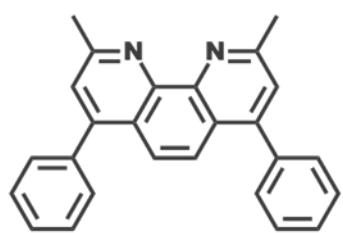
Poly(triaryl amine) (PTAA)

Supplementary Figure 2. Hole transport materials discussed in the mini-review.



^sC₆₀: C₆₀SAM

Phenyl-C₆₁-butyric acid methyl ester
(PCBM)



Bathocuproine (BCP)

Supplementary Figure 3. Electron transport materials discussed in the mini-review.