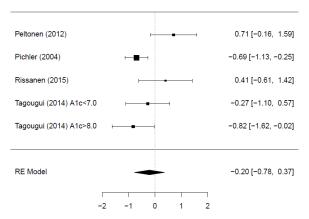
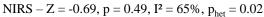
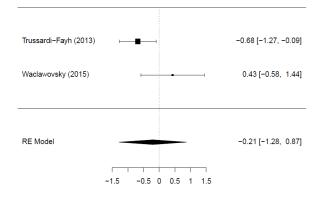
S3a - Techniques of exercise in microcirculation

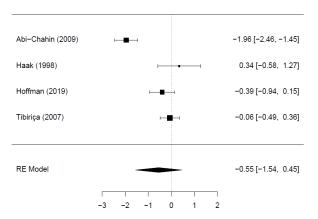




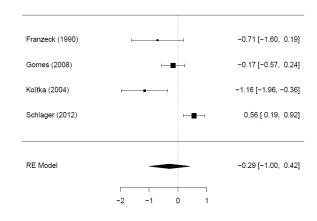


Plethysmography -Z = -0.37, p = 0.71, $I^2 = 71\%$, $p_{het} = 0.06$

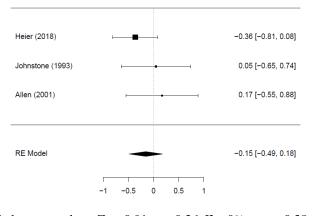
S3b – Techniques of PORH in microcirculation



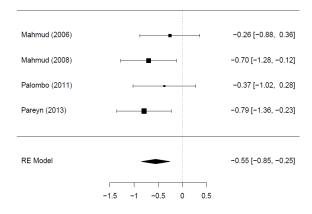
Capillaroscopy – Z = -1.07, p = 0.28, $I^2 = 92\%$, $p_{het} < 0.001$



Laser Doppler – Z = -0.81, p = 0.42, $I^2 = 85\%$, $p_{het} < 0.001$

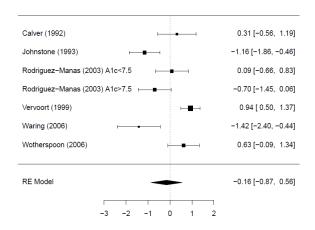


Plethysmography - Z = -0.91, p=0.36, $I^{2}=0\%,$ $p_{het}=0.38$



Tonometry – Z = -3.6, p < 0.001, $I^2 = 0\%$, $p_{het} = 0.55$

S3c - Techniques of pharmacological substances in microcirculation



DiMeglio (2010)

-0.82 [-1.48, -0.17]

Gomes (2008)

-0.23 [-0.64, 0.17]

Khan (2000)

-0.87 [-1.37, -0.37]

Boolell et Tooke (1990)

-0.51 [-1.60, 0.58]

RE Model

-0.58 [-0.95, -0.22]

Plethysmography -Z = -0.43, p = 0.67, $I^2 = 86\%$, $p_{het} < 0.001$ Laser Doppler -Z = -3.14, p = 0.002, $I^2 = 35\%$, $p_{het} = 0.21$