Supplemental Table 1. Subgroup analysis of predictors for bypass patency in pediatric patients.

Characteristics	Bypass pa	ntency	p value		
	Unobstructed (n=24)	Obstructed (n=6)	Uni		
Female sex	13(70.8%)	4(66.7%)	0.795		
History of risk factors					
Hypertension	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Smoking	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Diabetes	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Alcohol use	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Hyperlipidemia	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Thyroid disease	1(4.2%)	0(0.0%)	1.000		
Clinical manifestation					
Hemorrhage	1(4.2%)	0(0.0%)	0.171		
Infarction	6(25.0%)	3(50.0%)	0.901		
Others	17(70.8%)	3(50.0%)			
Suzuki stage			0.854		
I	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)			
II	3(12.5%)	0(0.0%)			
III	10(41.7%)	5(83.3%)			
IV	10(41.7%)	1(16.7%)			
V	1(4.2%)	0(0.0%)			
VI	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)			
AChA dilated	12(50.0%)	4(66.7%)	0.667		
PComA positive	3(12.5%)	1(16.7%)	1.000		
PCA involved	9(37.5%)	2 (33.3%)	0.808		
Surgical modalities					
DB+EDAS	2(8.3%)	2(33.3%)	0.183		
DB+EDS	11(45.8%)	3(50.0%)	0.212		

DB 11(45.8%) 1(16.7%)

Abbreviations: AChA, anterior choroidal artery; DB, direct bypass; DB+EDS, direct bypass and encephalodurosynangiosis; DB+EDAS, direct bypass and encephaloduroarteriosynangiosis; CI, confidence intervals; OR, odds ratios; PCA, posterior cerebral artery; PComA, posterior communicating artery.

Supplemental Table 2. Subgroup analysis of predictors for bypass patency in adult patients.

Characteristics	Bypass p	atency	p value		OR (95% CI)	
	Unobstructed	Obstructed	Uni	Multi*	_	
	(n=108)	(n=50)				
Female sex	57(52.8%)	29(58.0%)	0.474			
History of risk factors						
Hypertension	34(31.5%)	13(26.0%)	0.077			
Smoking	10(12.0%)	4(8.0%)	0.963			
Diabetes	6(5.6%)	2(4.0%)	0.196			
Alcohol use	8(7.4%)	1(2.0%)	0.641			
Hyperlipidemia	4(3.7%)	2(4.0%)	0.503			
Thyroid disease	1(9.3%)	0(0.0%)	1.000			
Clinical manifestation						
Hemorrhage	27(25.0%)	23(46.0%)	0.014	0.012	0.313 (0.126-0.777)	
Infarction	45(41.7%)	16(32.0%)	0.373	0.342	0.652 (0.269-1.577)	
Others	36(33.3%)	11(22.0%)				
Suzuki stage			0.124			
I	2(1.9%)	0(0.0%)				
II	14(13.0%)	12(24.0%)				
III	46(42.6%)	12(24.0%)				
IV	29(26.9%)	15(30.0%)				
V	15(13.9%)	10(20.0%)				
VI	2(1.9%)	1(2.0%)				
AChA dilated	33(30.6%)	21(42.0%)	0.228			
PComA positive	8(7.4%)	7(14.0%)	0.172			
PCA involved	9(31.1%)	19(38.0%)	0.666			
Surgical modalities						
DB+EDAS	20(18.5%)	9(18.0%)	0.841	0.156	0.512(0.203-1.290)	

DB+EDS	39(36.1%)	22(44.0%)	0.759	0.251	0.657(0.321-1.346)
DB	49(45.4%)	19(38.0%)			

<sup>\*</sup>Adjusted for surgical modalities. Boldface indicates statistical significance (p < 0.05).

Abbreviations: AChA, anterior choroidal artery; DB, direct bypass; DB+EDS, direct bypass and encephalodurosynangiosis; DB+EDAS, direct bypass and encephaloduroarteriosynangiosis; CI, confidence intervals; OR, odds ratios; PCA, posterior cerebral artery; PComA, posterior communicating artery.

Supplemental Table 3. Subgroup analysis of predictors for postoperative collateral formation in pediatric patients.

Characteristics	Pe	CF	p value		
	Good	Poor	Uni		
	(n=25)	(n=5)			
Female sex	14(56.0%)	3(60.0%)	0.638		
History of risk factors					
Hypertension	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Smoking	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Diabetes	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Alcohol use	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Hyperlipidemia	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)	-		
Thyroid disease	1(4.0%)	0(0.0%)	1.000		
Clinical manifestation					
Hemorrhage	1(4.0%)	0(0.0%)	0.171		
Infarction	7(28.0%)	2(40.0%)	0.155		
Others	17(68.0%)	3(60.0%)			
Suzuki stage			0.486		
I	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)			
II	3(12.0%)	0(0.0%)			
III	11(44.0%)	4(80.0%)			
IV	10(40.0)	1(20.0%)			
V	1(4.0%)	0(0.0%)			
VI	0(0.0%)	0(0.0%)			
PCA involved	10(40.0%)	1 (20.0%)	0.349		
AChA dilated	12(48.0%)	4(80.0%)	0.433		
PComA positive	3(12.0%)	1 (20.0%)	0.583		
Surgical modalities					
DB+EDAS	3(12.0%)	1(20.0%)	0.677		

DB+EDS	11(44.0%)	3(60.0%)	0.831
DB	11(44.0%)	1(20.0%)	

Abbreviations: AChA, anterior choroidal artery; DB, direct bypass; DB+EDS, direct bypass and encephalodurosynangiosis; DB+EDAS, direct bypass and encephaloduroarteriosynangiosis; CI, confidence intervals; OR, odds ratios; PCA, posterior cerebral artery; PCF, postoperative collateral formation; PComA, posterior communicating artery.

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Supplemental Table 4. Subgroup analysis of predictors for postoperative collateral formation in adult patients.

Characteristics	P	PCF		value	OR (95% CI)	
	Good	Poor	Uni	Multi*	<u> </u>	
	(n=100)	(n=58)				
Female sex	56(56.0%)	30(51.7%)	0.447			
History of risk factors						
Hypertension	29(29.0%)	18(31.0%)	0.284			
Smoking	9(9.0%)	5(15.5%)	0.349			
Diabetes	6(6.0%)	2(3.4%)	0.263			
Alcohol use	7(7.0%)	2(3.4%)	0.401			
Hyperlipidemia	3(3.0%)	3(5.2%)	0.435			
Thyroid disease	1(1.0%)	0(0.0%)	1.000			
Clinical manifestation						
Hemorrhage	25(25.0%)	25(43.1%)	0.008	0.022	0.349(0.141-0.861)	
Infarction	40(40.0%)	21(36.2%)	0.393	0.374	0.674(0.282-1.609)	
Others	35(35.0%)	12(20.7%)				
Suzuki stage			0.385			
I	2(2.0%)	0(0.0%)				
II	13(13.0%)	13(22.4%)				
III	40(40.0%)	18(31.0%)				
IV	31(31.0%)	1322.4%)				
V	13(13.0%)	12(20.7%)				
VI	1(1.0%)	2(3.4%)				
PCA involved	33(33.0%)	18(31.0%)	0.677			
AChA dilated	28(28.0%)	26(44.8%)	0.078			
PComA positive	6(6.0%)	9(15.5%)	0.023	0.060	0.305(0.089-1.050)	
Surgical modalities						
DB+EDAS	20(20.0%)	9(15.5%)	0.749	0.651	0.781(0.267-2.281)	

DB+EDS	36(36.0%)	25(43.1%)	0.385	0.276	0.651(0.301-1.408)
DB	44(44.0%)	24(41.4%)			

<sup>\*</sup>Adjusted for surgical modalities. Boldface indicates statistical significance (p < 0.05).

Abbreviations: AChA, anterior choroidal artery; DB, direct bypass; DB+EDS, direct bypass and encephalodurosynangiosis; DB+EDAS, direct bypass and encephaloduroarteriosynangiosis; CI, confidence intervals; OR, odds ratios; PCA, posterior cerebral artery; PCF, postoperative collateral formation; PComA, posterior communicating artery.

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