

Supplementary Material

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Cell Apoptosis Assay

APPswe cells were transfected with BACE1 siRNA or PRKACB siRNA and accompanied transfected with miR-200a-3p mimics or their negative controls. The apoptosis was determined with FITC-Annexin V / propidium iodide (PI) Apoptosis Detection Kit (BD Biosciences; San Jose, CA). After 48 h, the cells were trypsinized and washed by PBS. Then, the cells were collected and resuspended in binding buffer and subsequently mixed with 5 μ L Annexin V and 10 μ L PI for 15 min in the dark. The ratio of apoptosis was analyzed by a FACSCalibur flow cytometry (BD Biosciences).

Statistical Analysis

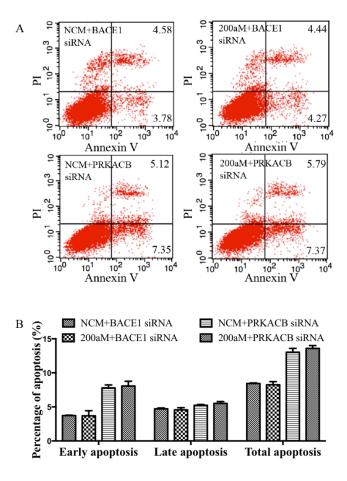
Data are represented as the mean \pm SEM. P < 0.05 was considered statistically significant. Comparisons were performed using one-way ANOVA, followed by appropriate post-hoc testing to analyze the differences between groups.

RESULTS

The Neuroprotective Effects of miR-200a-3p were in a Decreased Tendency When BACE1 and PRKACB were Knockdown

When we transfected BACE1 siRNA accompanied with miR-200a-3p mimics in APPswe cells, the effects of miR-200a-3p on reducing apoptotic ratios were shown in a decreased tendency. The same results were found in APPswe cells co-transfected with PRKACB siRNA and miR-200a-3p. Due to no significance was calculated, we speculated that the neuroprotective effects of miR-200a-3p on cell apoptosis might be associated with the regulation of BACE1 and PRKACB (Supplementary Fig. 1).

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES



Supplementary Figure 1. miR-200a-3p neuroprotection was in a decreased tendency when BACE1 and PRKACB were knockdown. Effects of miR-200a-3p mimics (200aM), BACE1 siRNA, and PRKACB siRNA on apoptosis of APPswe cells detected using flow cytometry assay (A) and demonstrated by quantitative analysis (B). n=3. Data are shown as the mean \pm SEM.