Supplementary Table 1. Comparisons of global decision-making outcomes between the self- and forced-paced conditions ( $n=33$ ).

| Performance index | Self-paced |  | Forced-paced |  | Wilcoxon test |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | $S E$ | Mean | $S E$ | Z-value | $p$-value |
| Overall trials |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final winnings (Japanese yen) | $-35,000$ | 16,497 | $-38,485$ | 22,507 | 0.617 | 0.537 |
| Numbers of maximum penalty events | 3.5 | 0.3 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 0.061 | 0.951 |
| Mean entropy (bit) | 1.82 | 0.18 | 1.79 | 0.26 | 0.524 | 0.600 |
| High-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total selectivity (\%) | 34.3 | 2.7 | 30.7 | 2.5 | 0.804 | 0.422 |
| Continuous selectivity (\%) | 16.2 | 2.3 | 15.8 | 2.7 | 0.253 | 0.801 |
| Middle-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total selectivity (\%) | 19.8 | 1.1 | 19.5 | 1.5 | 0.175 | 0.861 |
| Continuous selectivity (\%) | 26.8 | 3.0 | 27.0 | 3.8 | 0.170 | 0.865 |
| Low-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total selectivity (\%) | 45.9 | 2.6 | 50.0 | 3.0 | 0.751 | 0.453 |
| Continuous selectivity (\%) | 52.5 | 3.9 | 58.1 | 4.4 | 1.108 | 0.268 |

Supplementary Table 2. Comparisons of selectivity (\%) of the high-, middle-, and low-risk decks between pre- and post-penalty events in the self-paced condition.

| Trial phase | High-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  | Middle-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  | Low-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1st ( $n=32$ ) |  | $2 \mathrm{nd}(n=30)$ |  | $3 \mathrm{rd}(n=24)$ |  | 1st ( $n=32$ ) |  | $2 \mathrm{nd}(n=30)$ |  | $3 \mathrm{rd}(n=24)$ |  | 1st ( $n=32$ ) |  | $2 \mathrm{nd}(n=30)$ |  | $3 \mathrm{rd}(n=24)$ |  |
|  | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE |
| pre | 43.8 | 6.0 | 37.3 | 5.0 | 47.5 | 5.9 | 22.5 | 3.4 | 22.0 | 3.6 | 18.3 | 3.2 | 33.8 | 5.1 | 39.4 | 3.8 | 31.5 | 5.1 |
| post 1 | 25.6 | 5.0 | 22.0 | 4.5 | 31.7 | 5.6 | 24.4 | 4.1 | 28.7 | 3.9 | 24.2 | 5.0 | 50.0 | 4.7 | 47.7 | 4.5 | 40.8 | 5.9 |
| post 2 | 30.0 | 3.7 | 39.3 | 5.5 | 36.7 | 6.0 | 17.5 | 2.8 | 13.3 | 2.4 | 18.3 | 4.2 | 52.5 | 4.1 | 42.6 | 5.5 | 37.7 | 5.8 |
| Friedman test | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value |
|  | 3.11 | 0.211 | 7.22 | 0.027* | 3.95 | 0.139 | 2.99 | 0.224 | 10.02 | 0.007** | 1.11 | 0.573 | 9.05 | 0.011* | 1.84 | 0.399 | 1.98 | 0.373 |
| Wilcoxon test | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value |
| pre vs. <br> post 1 | - | - | 2.331 | 0.020* | - | - | - | - | 1.090 | 0.276 | - | - | 2.545 | 0.011* | - | - | - | - |
| pre vs. <br> post 2 | - | - | 0.323 | 0.747 | - | - | - | - | 2.124 | 0.034 | - | - | 2.911 | 0.004** | - | - | - | - |

1st: the first maximum penalty event; 2nd: the second maximum penalty event; 3rd: the third maximum penalty event; pre: five trials before the penalty event; post 1 : the first-half five trials after the penalty event; post 2 : the second-half five trials after the penalty event; ${ }^{*} p<0.05 ;{ }^{* *} p<0.01$

Supplementary Table 3. Comparisons of selectivity (\%) of the high-, middle-, and low-risk decks between pre- and post-penalty events in the forced-paced condition.

| Trial phase | High-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  | Middle-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  | Low-risk deck |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 st ( $n=30$ ) |  | $2 \mathrm{nd}(n=30)$ |  | $3 \mathrm{rd}(\mathrm{n}=24)$ |  | 1 st $(n=30)$ |  | 2nd ( $n=30$ ) |  | $3 \mathrm{rd}(\mathrm{n}=24)$ |  | 1 st $(n=30)$ |  | 2nd ( $n=30$ ) |  | $3 \mathrm{rd}(n=24)$ |  |
|  | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | SE | Mean | $S E$ | Mean | SE |
| pre | 52.7 | 6.2 | 42.7 | 5.7 | 55.8 | 6.1 | 16.0 | 2.8 | 17.3 | 2.7 | 15.0 | 3.0 | 31.3 | 5.2 | 40.0 | 5.0 | 29.2 | 5.2 |
| post 1 | 34.0 | 5.4 | 24.0 | 5.8 | 23.3 | 6.1 | 23.3 | 4.0 | 29.3 | 5.6 | 21.7 | 4.2 | 42.7 | 5.8 | 46.7 | 6.4 | 55.0 | 6.2 |
| post 2 | 32.7 | 4.8 | 36.0 | 4.9 | 30.8 | 5.2 | 16.0 | 3.8 | 18.0 | 3.9 | 15.0 | 3.7 | 51.3 | 5.5 | 42.7 | 5.7 | 51.7 | 6.9 |
| Friedman test | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value | $\chi^{2}$-value | $p$-value |
|  | 5.61 | 0.061 | 7.67 | 0.022* | 11.61 | 0.003** | 2.86 | 0.239 | 1.82 | 0.403 | 1.27 | 0.529 | 3.2 | 0.202 | 0.02 | 0.990 | 9.07 | 0.011* |
| Wilcoxon test | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value | $Z$-value | $p$-value |
| pre vs. <br> post 1 | - | - | 2.502 | 0.012* | 3.090 | 0.002** | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.666 | 0.008** |
| pre vs. <br> post 2 | - | - | 1.000 | 0.317 | 2.653 | 0.008** | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.388 | 0.017* |

1 st: the first maximum penalty event; 2nd: the second maximum penalty event; 3rd: the third maximum penalty event; pre: five trials before the penalty event; post 1 : the first-half five trials after the penalty event; post2: the second-half five trials after the penalty event; *p<0.05; **p<0.01

Supplementary Figure 1. Cumulative histogram of dummy p-values in the permutation regression analyses for the model with the independent variable STAI-T for the numbers of maximum penalty events ( $n=100,000$ ). Cumulative frequencies of dummy $p$-values gradually increase from zero to one in the horizonal $p$-value axis. The actual $p$-value of the significant model was $p=0.049$ in the self-paced condition. The values was within the lower $5 \%$ of the distribution $(p<0.0506)$ and was certified as significance-corrected for multiple testing.


