

# Supplementary Material

A Saccharide Chemosensor Array Developed Based on an Indicator Displacement Assay Using a Combination of Commercially Available Reagents

Yui Sasaki, Zhoujie Zhang and Tsuyoshi Minami\*

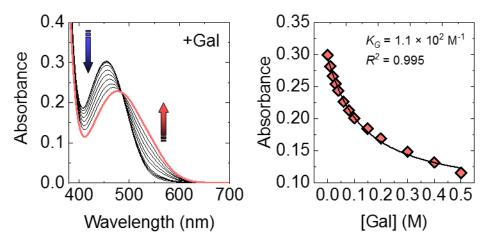
Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo, 4-6-1 Komaba, Meguro-ku, Tokyo, Japan

\* Correspondence: Tsuyoshi Minami tminami@iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp

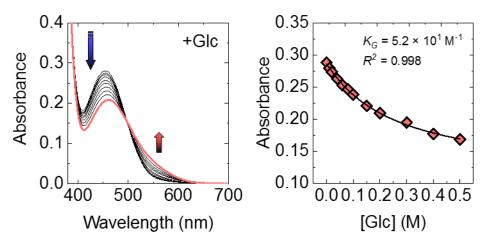
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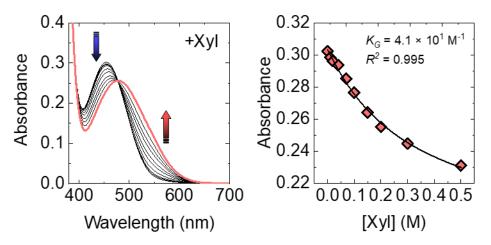
#### **1** UV-vis measurements for saccharides



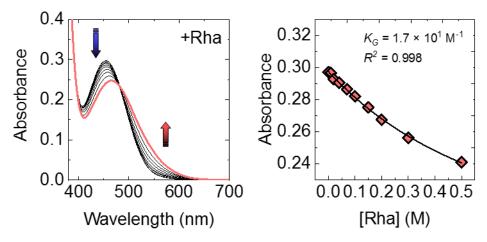
**Supplementary Figure 1.** UV – vis spectra of the ARS (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of galactose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



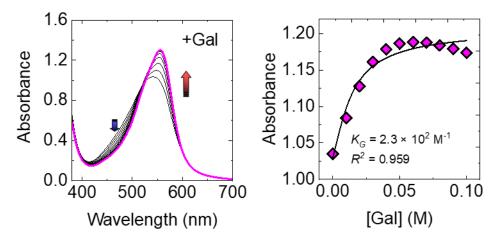
**Supplementary Figure 2.** UV – vis spectra of the ARS (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of glucose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



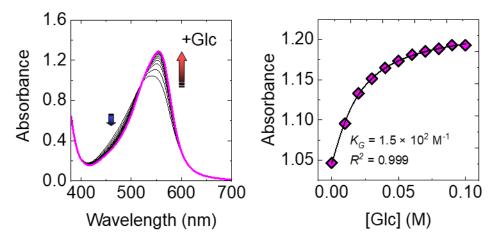
Supplementary Figure 3. UV – vis spectra of the ARS (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of xylose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



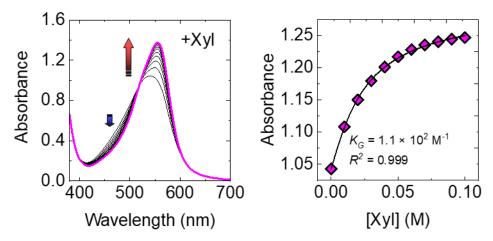
**Supplementary Figure 4.** UV – vis spectra of the ARS (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of rhamnose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



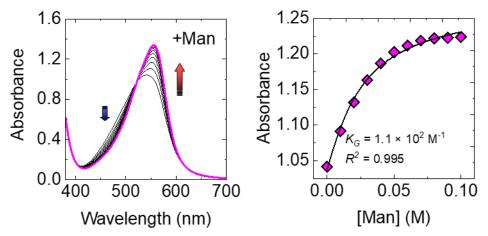
**Supplementary Figure 5.** UV – vis spectra of the BPR (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of galactose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



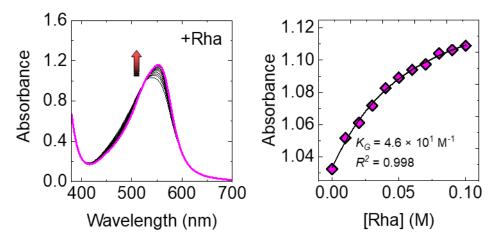
**Supplementary Figure 6.** UV – vis spectra of the BPR (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of glucose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



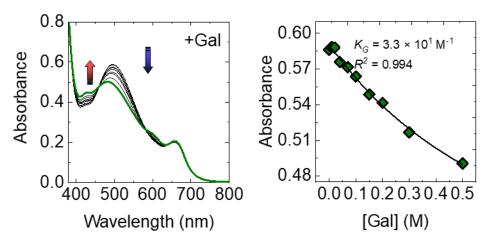
**Supplementary Figure 7.** UV – vis spectra of the BPR (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of xylose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



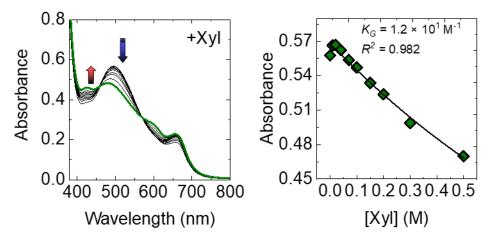
**Supplementary Figure 8.** UV – vis spectra of the BPR (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of mannose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



**Supplementary Figure 9.** UV – vis spectra of the BPR (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of rhamnose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.

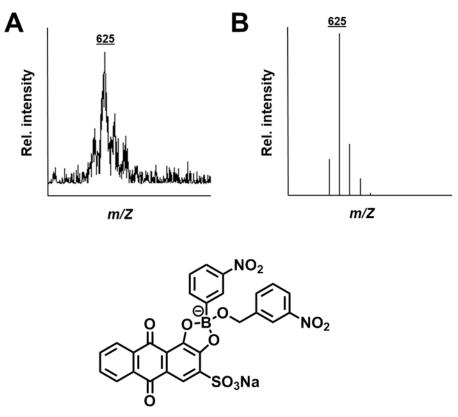


**Supplementary Figure 10.** UV – vis spectra of the PV (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of galactose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.



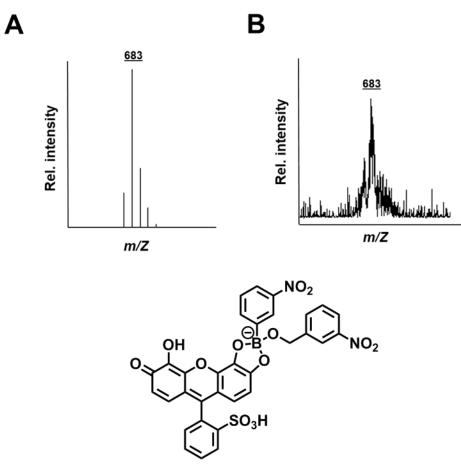
**Supplementary Figure 12.** UV – vis spectra of the PV (40  $\mu$ M) – 3-NPBA (6 mM) complex upon the addition of xylose in a phosphate buffer solution (100 mM) at a pH of 7.4 at 25 °C.

#### 2 FAB MS Analysis



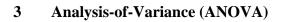
Chemical Formula: C27H15BN2NaO12S-

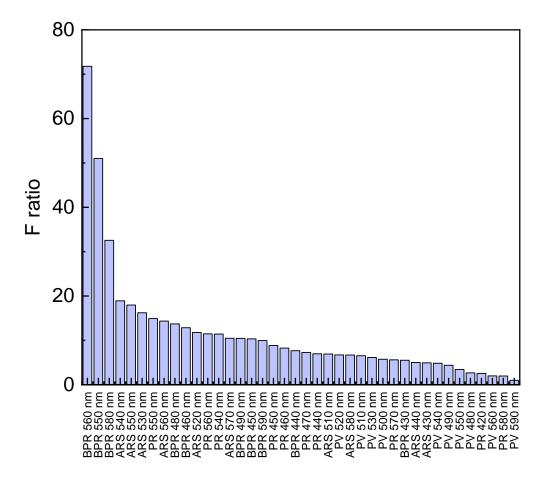
**Supplementary Figure 13**. (A) FAB MS (negative) spectra of the ARS–3-NBPA complex. (B) Calculated isotope pattern for [ARS-2H<sub>2</sub>O+3-NPBA+3-NBA-H]<sup>-</sup>. Matrix: 3-nitrobenzylalcohol.



Chemical Formula: C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>20</sub>BN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>13</sub>S<sup>-</sup>

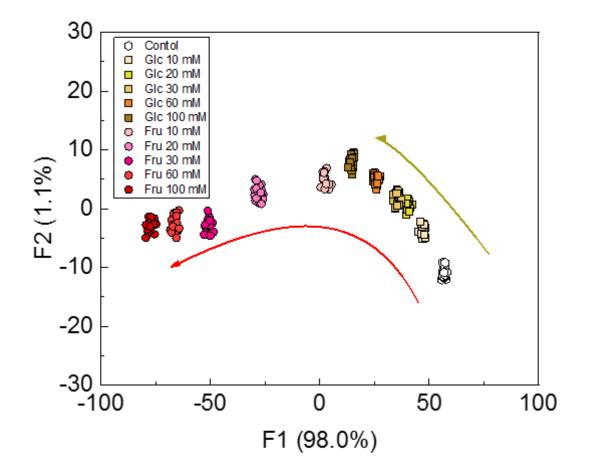
**Supplementary Figure 14**. (A) FAB MS (negative) spectra of the PR–3-NBPA complex. (B) Calculated isotope pattern for [PR-2H<sub>2</sub>O+3-NPBA+3-NBA-H]<sup>-</sup>. Matrix: 3-nitrobenzylalcohol.





Supplementary Figure 15. One-way ANOVA result of the qualitative analysis.

## 4 Linear Discriminant Analysis (LDA)

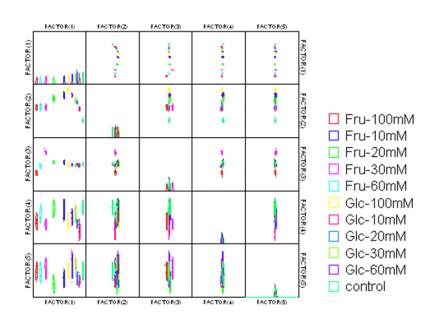


**Supplementary Figure 16**. LDA plots for the semi-quantitative assay for Fru ( $\circ$ ) and Glc ( $\Box$ ) at the concentration range of 0-100 mM. Twenty repetitions were measured for each concentration.

	Fru- 100mM	Fru- 10mM	Fru- 20mM	Fru- 30mM	Fru- 60mM	Glc- 100mM	Glc- 10mM	Glc- 20mM	Glc- 30mM	Glc- 60mM	control	%corre ct
Fru- 100mM	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Fru- 10mM	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Fru- 20mM	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Fru- 30mM	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Fru- 60mM	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Glc- 100mM	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	100
Glc- 10mM	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	100
Glc- 20mM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	100
Glc- 30mM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	100
Glc- 60mM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	100
control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100
Total	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	100

## Supplementary Table 1 Jackknifed classification matrix of the qualitative assay for Fru and Glc

#### Canonical Scores Plot

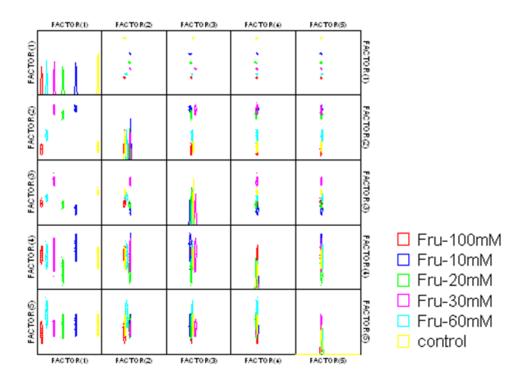


Supplementary Figure 17. Canonical score plot of the qualitative assay for Fru and Glc.

Jackknifed Classification Matrix										
	Fru-100mM	Fru-10mM	Fru-20mM	Fru-30mM	Fru-60mM	control	%correct			
Fru-100mM	20	0	0	0	0	0	100			
Fru-10mM	0	20	0	0	0	0	100			
Fru-20mM	0	0	20	0	0	0	100			
Fru-30mM	0	0	0	20	0	0	100			
Fru-60mM	0	0	0	0	20	0	100			
control	0	0	0	0	0	20	100			
Total	20	20	20	20	20	20	100			

Supplementary Table 2 Jackknifed classification matrix of the qualitative assay for Fru

Canonical Scores Plot



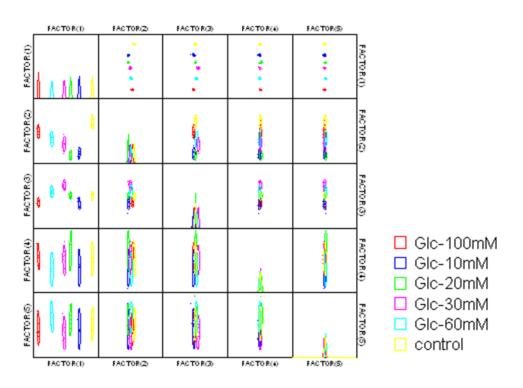
Supplementary Figure 18. Canonical score plot of the qualitative assay for Fru.

Supplementary Material

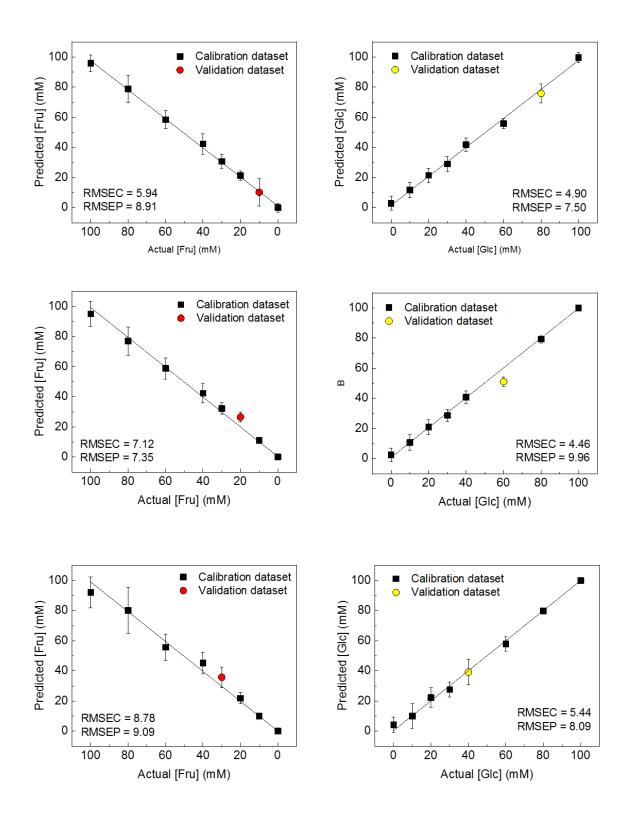
Jackknifed Classification Matrix										
	Glc-100mM	Glc-10mM	Glc-20mM	Glc-30mM	Glc-60mM	control	%correct			
Glc-100mM	20	0	0	0	0	0	100			
Glc-10mM	0	20	0	0	0	0	100			
Glc-20mM	0	0	20	0	0	0	100			
Glc-30mM	0	0	0	20	0	0	100			
Glc-60mM	0	0	0	0	20	0	100			
control	0	0	0	0	0	20	100			
Total	20	20	20	20	20	20	100			

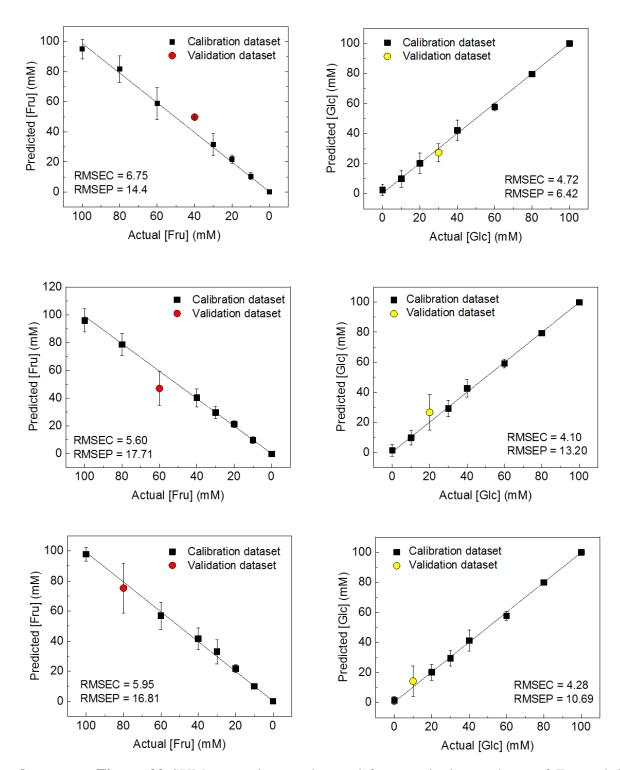
Supplementary Table 3 Jackknifed classification matrix of the qualitative assay for Glc





Supplementary Figure 19. Canonical score plot of the qualitative assay for Glc.





**Supplementary Figure 20** SVM regression results used for quantitative analyses of Fru and Glc mixtures. The values of the root-mean-square errors of calibration (RMSEC) and prediction (RMSEP) (shown as insets) attest to the high accuracies of the model and its predictive capacity.