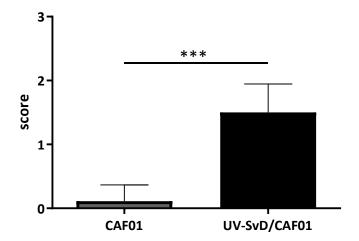
Supplementary 1. Number of animals with detectable levels of vaginal *C. trachomatis* post infection

	d. 7 pi	d. 12 or 14 pi
CAF01 (n=9)	2/9	1/9
UV-SvD/CAF01 (n=8)	1/8	2/8

Detection of *C. trachomatis* in vaginal swabs by q-PCR on day 7 pi and either day 12 or 14 pi. The numbers indicate the number of animals with detectable levels of *C. trachomatis* out of the total number of animals. Only very few animals (1 or 2) had detectable levels of *C. trachomatis* on day 7 pi and 12 or 14 pi.

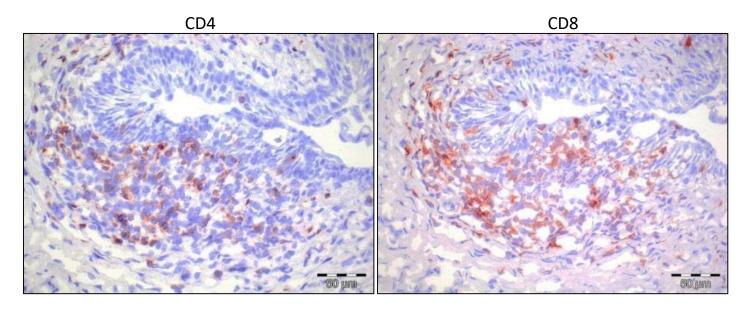
Supplementary 2. Semiquantitative scoring of plasma cell infiltrates in the cervix

Plasma cells in the cervix



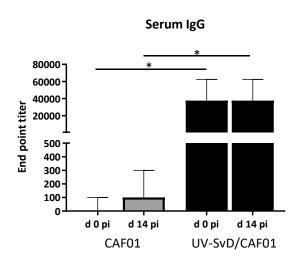
Semiquantitative scoring of cellular infiltrates. The cellular infiltrates were given a severity score from 0 (none/single cells) to 4 (excessive numbers). Bars show mean values of the group, error bars 95% CI. Statistics: Mann Whitney

Supplementary 3. Comparison of CD4 and CD8 IHC on parallel sections



Immunohistochemical staining of CD4 and CD8 T cells on parallel sections from the vagina of a pig from the UV-SvD/CAF01 group. It shows similar densities of each cell type within subepithelial lymphoid accumulations. The intraepithelial T cells are almost exclusively CD8⁺.

Supplementary 4. C. trachomatis specific serum IgG response



Representative data on *C. trachomatis*-specific serum IgG. The UV-SvD/CAF01 vaccinated group showed significant higher levels of *C. trachomatis* specific serum IgG at day 0 and at day 14 pi. Bars show mean and SD.