

Supplementary figure legends

Figure S1. Chromatin status of *IgH* locus in DP thymocytes (related to figure 1).

Top panel shows scale representation of the murine *IgH* locus based on mm9. A) CD19⁺ pro-B cells from Rag2^{-/-} and CD4⁺CD8⁺ thymocytes from TCR β \times Rag2^{-/-} transgenic mice were used in chromatin immunoprecipitation using anti-H3K27me3 antibody. B) CD19⁺ pro-B cells from Rag2^{-/-} and CD4⁺CD8⁺ thymocytes derived from WT C57BL/6 mice were used in chromatin immunoprecipitation experiment using anti-H3K4me3 antibody. Amplicons were normalized to input. Position of amplicons are shown as black line below schematic. *TCF7* and *Lck* gene promoter served as positive control for DP thymocytes. $\text{C}\gamma\text{3}$ is used as a negative control while γ -actin served as a positive control in both cell types. Results shown are the mean of two independent experiments. Y-axis shows enrichment of respective amplicons in the immunoprecipitate compared to an equal amount of input DNA as described in the methods. Error bars represent standard error of the mean (n=2).

Figure S2. Status of E μ enhancer in DP thymocytes (related to figure 2).

A) Enhancer elements and transcription factors that bind to these sites are shown below the schematic of the D_H-C_H part of the *IgH* locus. The arrows originating from enhancer represents bidirectional transcription of eRNAs named as I μ sense and I μ antisense. μ 0 transcripts initiate at the DQ52 promoter (PQ52) and have been shown to be E μ -dependent. Transcription factor binding to E μ was assayed by chromatin immunoprecipitation using anti-E2A (B) and anti-YY1 (C), anti-RUNX1 (D) and anti-HEB (E) antibodies in WT DP thymocytes. Co-precipitated DNA was quantified by qPCR and fold enrichment was calculated relative to input. Y-axis shows enrichment of respective amplicons in the immunoprecipitate relative to an equal amount of input DNA. Error bars represent standard error of the mean (n=2). IgG served as negative control.

Figure S3. D_H rearrangements in DP thymocytes (related to figure 3).

A) Rearrangement frequency of DSP2 gene segments in pro-B cells. The data is derived from VDJ-seq analysis from Choi et al. 2013 (left panel) and Bolland et al. 2016 (right panel). B) DP cells were purified from the thymus of WT C57BL/6 mice by positive selection using PE-conjugated-anti-CD8 magnetic beads. Purity of DP thymocytes was checked by CD4 and CD8 staining. C) Pro-B cells were derived from bone marrow of WT C57BL/6 mice after depletion of IgM expressing cells and other lineage cells. For pro-B cells, B220^{int} and CD43⁺ double positive cells were gated on CD19 and AA4.1. Pre-B cells were derived after gating B220^{int} population on CD19 and AA4.1. D) Post-sort purity of WT pro-B cells.

E) Top panel shows locations of anchor primers and sites queried for interaction through chromosome conformation capture analyses. The region of interest is expanded on a scale view for *IgH* locus and TCR α locus. 3C analysis were done in DP thymocytes derived from TCR β \times Rag2^{-/-} mice and pro-B cells derived from Rag2^{-/-} mice using anchor primers located at E μ or E α . Relative interaction frequency was calculated after normalization for ligation efficiency using α -amylase-specific primers as described (Guo et al. 2011). The data shown here represents the mean of two independent experiments. Error bars represent standard error

of the mean (n=2). Experiment was done Relative interaction efficiency for different primer pair was calculated based on restriction digestion and re-ligation of equal moles of three bacterial artificial chromosomes (BACs) that span the region. F) Table shows total number of sequenced reads obtained for each replicate from Ion proton sequencer and number of reads aligned to each DSP2 gene segments after removal of duplicate sequence reads.

Figure S4. Status of V_H locus in DP thymocytes (related to figure 4).

A) The cumulative frequency analyses for IGCR1-V3 color-coded probe combination from figure 4A. B) Schematic of *IgH* locus is shown on top. Genome browser tracks of CTCF ChIP-Seq in pro-B cells, CD4⁺CD8⁺ (DP) and CD4⁻CD8⁻ (DN) thymocytes. ChIP-Seq track shows that CTCF binding to *IgH* locus is lymphoid-specific. CTCF ChIP-Seq was derived from (Shih et al. 2012, GSE41743). C) CTCF and RAD21 ChIP were carried out using CTCF and RAD21 antibody in pro-B cells and DP thymocytes. C-myc served as a positive control for both cell types. Cγ3 is used as a negative control. HS5-7 were used as positive control for pro-B cells. Data represents mean of two independent experiments. D) RAD21 ChIP was carried out in WT DP thymocytes (n=2). Location of primers are indicated in schematic. E) Enhancer dependent interaction was measured using FISH probes located at 3'J558, 5'7183 (V_H part of the locus) and Eμ were hybridized to pro-B and DP thymocytes. Representative nuclei are shown with probe combinations indicated on the top. Spatial distances between probes were measured after image deconvolution from 100 nuclei. F) Quantitation of FISH data is shown as percentage of *IgH* allele with spatial distances shown in figure (n=100).

Table 1. Primers list

3C		
Name	Sequence (5'-3')	References
Eμ probe	AGCTTTAAGAGCAGCAGCCACAGCT	4
Eα probe	CTGCCTGCCTGAGGACTGCCA	3
α-amylase probe	TTGAATATGTACCGAGTACACATGGATGGTGCAT	4
DFL16.1	GGATGTGAGTAGCTAGAGGATA	4
HS5	GTTTGTGTCTACCTTACTGTC	4
Eμ	GGAACAATTCCACACAAAGACTC	4
TEAp	CACCAACGAAAGACAAGGAC	3
α-amylase-F	GCTTCCATGATACTCTATGTTCTCCT	4
α-amylase-R	GAGATCTTACGTAGGCACTTAGTGGTATAA	4
FISH		
Eμ-F	AGCTCATGGTACTTGAGGAAATC	1
Eμ-R	TTGTAGGAGGACTTCCCTAACATCTG	1

IGCR1-F	GTCTGGTAGAACTCTGCACTAAACCCCTTGATC	4
IGCR1-R	GCACTGTGGTAGCTACTACCGTAGTAATAAACAA	4
5'7183-F	TTGGCTCACTCTGAGTTGGGATTCCCTC	4
5'7183-R	TAAAGCTGAACAAGGACCACAAGACGA	4
3'558-F	AAGTCCCTGGGAGCTCTGGGGCAGTC	4
3'558-R	TTGTTCTAGGAAAAGATAGGCACACAGAT	4
V10-F	GCACATCTCATTGTTCTGAAATC	4
V10-R	CTGACCCAGCCTACTGAAGA GTCAAAC	4
V10-3-F	CACCTCCAATAGCACTCACAGGTTGGC	4
V10-3-R	CAAAGGCTGCCTGCACTAAGACTGGTG	4
ChIP/DNaseI/RNA		
3'J558-F	GCCAGGCTTCTACACCTTTCC	4
3'J558-R	CCTGCCCTGAACTTCTGATTG	4
5'7183-F	TTCATCCGAGACTACTCAGATCG	4
5'7183-R	AGGCTTCATGGCTGGAGAAAACA	4
VH3-1-F	TCTGAGGACACAGCCTGTATTACT	4
VH3-1-R	GACAATTTACAGGCTGTAACCTG	4
VH3-2-F	GAAGGGTCGATTCAACATCTCCA	4
VH3-2-R	TCCAAGTTACTGTGCTCTCAGC	4
VH3-3-F	CAGAGCACCCAGGACCAGCAGGG	4
VH3-3-R	ATTTGACGGTTGTTGAAGATTG	4
DFL(-3)/IGCR1-F	CTAACTGTGCAATACAGAGAACTACC	4
DFL(-3)/IGCR1-R	CTACTAATAGAAATTAATGCTGGAGGG	4
DFL16.1-F	CAAAGCAGCCACCATCCAG	2
DFL16.1-R	GCAGCACGGTTGAGTTTCAG	2
DSP-F	TGTTACCTTACTTGGCAGGGATT	2
DSP-R	TGGGTTTTGTTGCTGGATATATC	2
DQ52-F	CCCTGTGGTCTCTGACTGGTG	6
DQ52-R	GATTCTCAAGCCTCTACTCCCTC	6
JH2-F	TACTTGACTACTGGGGC	6
JH2-R	CCCTAGTCCTTCATGACC	6
E μ -F	GGA ATG GGA GTG AGG CTC TCT C	2
E μ -R	CTG CAG GTG TTC TGG TTC TGA TCG G	2

C γ 3-F	TGGACAAACAGAAGTAGACATGGTC	2
C γ 3-R	GGGGTTAGAGGAGAGAACGCAC	2
HS5-F	CCGCCCTCACACCCTGACAAAC	4
HS5-R	CTGGCACTGAGCAAGCAAAC	4
HS6-F	AGCAGAGGTTGCAGTGGTCATC	4
HS6-R	ACTCCCTGTGGCTTGAGTT	4
HS7-F	GAATGGGCAGATGAAC	4
HS7-R	TTGGCAGTGTCCAGTCAACAC	4
E α -F	AAG AAG TCG CAG AAC CTG AA	3
E α -R	GAG GGA GAA AGC CTT TTG GT	3
E β -F	GGGGGAAGGGTGGAACATCTCACC	
E β -R	AGG ACC TGG TAA ATG TCA AA	
TCF7-F	TTCCCTGTGTGCGAGAG	
TCF7-R	ATCTTCCGTTGCCAGTT	
LCK-F	CACCAGACTGGCCTTGA	
LCK-R	TTTGACTGGATGGAGGAA	
CD79a-F	CCACGCACTAGAGAGAGACTCAA	5
CD79a-R	CCGCCTCACTCCTGTCAGCCG	5
RPL32-F	AGTTTCTTAGAGGACCCAGAG	
RPL32-R	AGGCAGGCCGAGGAAGAAGTGG	
RPL30-F	AGCAACCAACTACCGCAGACTACT	8
RPL30-R	ATCCAGAGCGTCAAACACCAGCTA	8
Myc-F	AAGGAAGCATCTCCCAGAAC	3
Myc-R	AAGTGTGCCCTCTACTGGCCA	3
Ccnd3-F	TCGAGGCCATTCCCTAGAACCCA	
Ccnd3-R	GCCAAAAGTTATTCCCTCGTG	
Imu-F	AGTTAACCGAGGAATGGGAGTGAG	
Imu-R	GTGGTGGGGCTGGACAGAGTGT	
Sense-F	AGGGCTCTAACCTTGTCC	
Sense-R	TAGGCCTGGACTTGGTCT	
Antisense-F	TTTCCCTCCCCAAATAGC	
Antisense-R	GGGTCAAGGAACCTCAGTCA	
Imu-sense	AGGCAGCCACAGCTGTGGCTGCT	

Imu antisense	TGCTTTTAGAGCCTCGCTTACTAGGGCT	
Lck-F	GAAGCCTTCTTGGCCAGTC	
Lck-R	GGAGACTTGGGCTTGAGAA	
J558 intergenic F	CTGCAGTGCAGATCAGTTAGTA	
J558 intergenic R	TAAGCCAGACAATGTAACCTCAG	
V10-3F	CAGCATCTCTGTGACCA	4
V10-3R	CTAGTCAAGTCAGACTGGGCAAC	4
VH7F	CATACACAGCATCTCTGTGACA	7
VH7R	AACTCATACAACCTAAGTCAGAC	7
DJ recombination assay		
DFL16.1-F	ACA CCT GCA AAA CCA GAG ACC ATA	2
DSP-F	ATG GCC CCT GAC ACT CTG CAC TGC TA	2
DQ52-F	GCGACTGTTTGAGAGAAATCATTGG	2
J _H 4-R	GGGTCTAGACTCTCAGCCGGCTCCCTCAGGG	2
β-globin-F	GCC TTG CCT GTT CCT GCT C	2
β-globin -R	ATT GAG CCC TTT ACT CTC TCT GTT C	2
J _H 1-R	TGAGGAGACGGTGACCGTGGTCCC	1

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