



Supplementar Fig. 2 - Salmonella Typhimurium infection increases $\alpha_M\beta_2$ expression in peritoneal cells from WT and $\alpha_D^{-/-}$ mice. WT and $\alpha_D^{-/-}$ mice were infected with *S. Typhimurium* (10^5 CFU/animal) by intraperitoneal injection or were sham-infected with sterile, apyrogenic saline as in Figure 1. After 72h of infection, we collected leukocytes by peritoneal lavage for analysis of $\alpha_M\beta_2$ expression by flow cytometry, as described in “Materials in Methods”. The data were represented by the mean fluorescence intensity (MIF). Each bar indicates the mean \pm SEM for at least 4 animals. The graphs are representative of two independent experiments. Significant differences (p < 0.005) between infected animals and their controls were indicated by asterisks.